

2024-2025 Higher Risk Weather Season

National Preparedness Summit

Collaboratively delivering integrated recovery outcomes for our communities





# Agenda



- 1 Current state: a complex and changing disaster landscape
- 2 The role of the National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA)
- 3 What is NEMA doing to improve recovery season?
- Discussion Integrated recovery: key areas of focus

# Current state: a complex and changing disaster landscape



### An increasingly challenging operating environment

- > Significant increase in the size, scale and complexity of disasters
- Many Australian communities in a constant state of response and recovery
- > Increasing public expectations of government support
- > Disaster management frameworks and arrangements have not evolved at the same rate as the changing nature of disasters
- > Escalating recovery costs
- ➤ Increasing need for greater strategic focus on, and investment in, risk reduction and resilience





#### Purpose and vision

- To enable more secure, stronger and resilient communities before, during and after emergencies
- Working through meaningful partnerships, we will build Australia's capacity for disaster resilience and support Australian communities when they need it most



#### National leadership

- Developing national policy
- Supporting national governance



#### **National coordination**

 Coordinating national action and assistance



#### **Programs and funding**

- Funding for disaster relief and recovery
- Investing in disaster risk reduction and reliance

# What is NEMA doing to improve recovery this season?



### National Emergency Management Stockpile (NEMS)

- Providing access to critical lifesaving resources, including safe emergency shelter, emergency power and clean water for drinking and hygiene
- Providing an alternative procurement panel to rapidly access services –
  e.g. recovery planning expertise

## Disaster Recovery Funding Arrangements (DRFA)

- Funding for relief and recovery assistance to individuals, families, communities, small businesses, primary producers and state, territory and local governments
- DRFA Roadshow providing national guidance and support

# **3** Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payment (AGDRP)

- Providing additional payments directly to individuals
- Ensuring support is targeted to those in need

#### **Disaster Recovery Allowance (DRA)**

Providing short-term income support payments

## Coordination and Planning Officers (CPOs)

- Supporting states and territories
- Engaging with community support
- Providing national surge (resources and capability) capacity

#### Disaster Relief Australia

Funding for Disaster Relief Australia to help disaster-affected communities to recover

#### Commonwealth recovery coordination

- ► Identifying and coordinating potential Commonwealth recovery support options (in addition to DRFA support)
- Working with states and territories to develop integrated recovery plans

## New dedicated recovery policy function

▶ Developing integrated and sustainable recovery policy, strategy and planning



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#### **Evidence based decision-making**

- ► National Risk Profile developing Australia's first authoritative understanding of current national hazard risk
- ► Hazards Insurance Partnership working with the insurance industry to reduce risk and improve insurance affordability and availability

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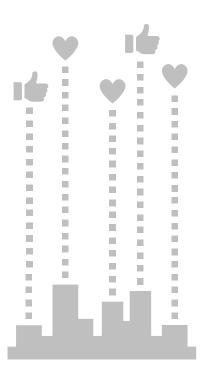
#### **Engagement with key stakeholders**

- Working with:
  - o First Nations representatives
  - o Charitable, Not-for-profit and Philanthropic Round Table
  - Expert disability advisory panel
  - o States, territories and the Australian Local Government Association

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#### **Public communications**

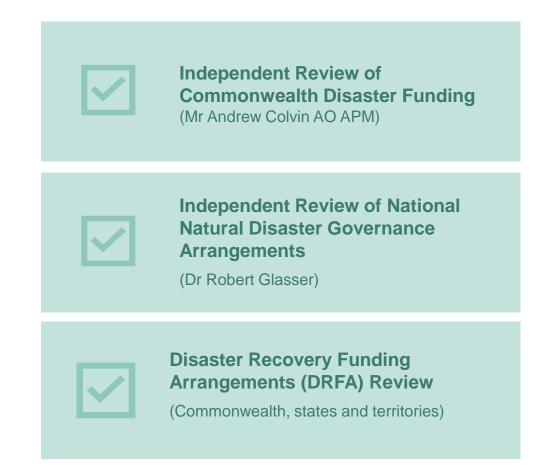
► Introducing a new NEMA website to better connect users with information and support – nema.gov.au



# What is NEMA doing to improve recovery longer-term?



Reviews are helping us to understand how we can improve Australia's disaster management, funding and governance arrangements.



# **Recovery outcomes**

- No two disasters are the same and communities across
  Australia are different
- Local engagement
- Whole of community
- Government support
- Understanding impacts and recovery needs to ensure disaster assistance is appropriate and well-targeted
- Equitable access
- Accurate, timely and consistent data for decision-making
- Monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of support

"What does good recovery look like?"

# **Recovery planning**

- Pre-disaster planning to improve post-disaster action
- Understanding communities (e.g. demographics and risk)
- Clear roles and responsibilities
- Disproportionately at risk cohorts are often excluded and not effectively engaged during the recovery phase
- Mitigating known risks to reduce disaster impacts
- Exercising to identify and address gaps in capability and capacity
- Lessons management and improvement

"How can we work together to better plan for recovery?"

# Recovery capability, capacity and coordination

- Concurrent and compounding disasters
- Capability and capacity varies significantly across Australia
- Managing prolonged and complex recovery and reconstruction work programs
- Different arrangements, systems and processes for managing recovery
- Loss of knowledge and experience
- Coordination and surge

"How can we build national recovery capability and capacity?"

# **Resilient recovery**

- Large proportions of Australians reside in disaster prone areas
- Historical land management decisions have contributed significantly to increased disaster risk in Australia
- Disaster-damaged infrastructure continues to be restored on 'like-for-like' basis
- Investment in risk reduction and resilience makes communities safer and saves cost
- Social resilience

"How can we use the post-disaster recovery and reconstruction phases to reduce disaster risk and build community resilience?"